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PORATION OF AMERICA, DELL INC.,

MPC COMPUTERS, LLC, AND

FUJITSU SIEMENS COMPUTERS

Attorneys for Plaintiff



IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF UTAH

PHILLIP M. ADAMS & ASSOCIATES, L.L.C., a Utah Limited Liability Company,	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
Plaintiff,	Civil No.
vs.	Honorable
LENOVO INTERNATIONAL, SONY CORPORATION. SONY COR-	Magistrate

Judge Ted Stewart DECK TYPE: Civil

DATE STAMP: 05/12/2005 @ 15:48:52 CASE NUMBER: 1:05CV00064 TS

Defendants.

GmbH.

Plaintiff Philip M. Adams & Associates, L.L.C. ("Adams") complains of defendants Lenovo International, Sony Corporation, Sony Corporation of America, Dell Inc., MPC Computers, LLC and Fujitsu Siemens Computers GmbH (collectively "defendants") as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. This Complaint states claims for patent infringement arising under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code. This Court has exclusive jurisdiction over the subject matter of the Complaint under 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a). Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(c)-(d) and 1400(b).

PLAINTIFF

- 2. Adams is a Utah limited liability company with an address of P.O. Box 1207, Bountiful, Utah 84011. Adams owns all right, title and interest in and has standing to sue for infringement of the United States patents identified below:
 - **5,379,414**, "System and Methods for FDC Error Detection and Prevention" ("the '414 patent");
 - 5,983,002, "Defective Floppy Diskette Controller Detection Apparatus and Method" ("the '002 patent"); and
 - 6,401,222, "Defective Floppy Diskette Controller Detection Apparatus and Method" ("the '222 patent")

(collectively, the "patents-in-suit").

3. Dr. Philip M. Adams heads plaintiff Adams. He has a Ph.D. in applied computer science, a D.Sc. in engineering and 30 years of experience in the computer industry. Dr. Adams has served on the faculty of major universities and holds numerous patents. In the late 1980s, Dr. Adams characterized a defect in NEC 765a compatible floppy disk controllers present in most personal computers. This defect causes the random

destruction or corruption of data without proper notification to the user that data has been destroyed or corrupted.

- 4. The random destruction or corruption of data in computers is a serious, and potentially cataclysmic, problem. Computers are used throughout society, and the data integrity of computers is the lifeblood of the information age. The public relies upon the integrity of data stored by computers and exchanged between them to support virtually all aspects of society, including the multitude of financial transactions, the accurate and effective diagnoses and treatment of illnesses and the proper design and construction of automobiles, aircraft, bridges, dams, office buildings and various other structures and devices.
- 5. The scope and seriousness of the defects discovered by Dr. Adams was recently illustrated by the \$2.1 billion *Toshiba* class-action settlement in the Eastern District of Texas. In addition to the *Toshiba* class-action settlement, the United States Government recently settled False Claims Act claims against *Toshiba* for \$33.5 million. The State of California settled California State False Claims Act claims against Toshiba for \$33 million. Also, several billion-dollar class-action lawsuits are presently pending against different computer companies in various federal and state courts because of such defects built into various computers.
- 6. In the 18 years since Dr. Adams discovered the above-identified computer defect, Dr. Adams has discovered related data corruption defects and has devoted thousands of hours to developing a solution, alerting various federal and state governments, computer companies and private purchasers to such defects and assisting computer manufacturers to acknowledge and remedy these defects. In addition, Dr.

Adams has developed several patented computer technologies that address such defects. First, he developed patented computer technology (both hardware and software, as described and claimed in the patents-in-suit) that detects which computers are defective. Second, he developed patented solutions (both hardware and software, as described and claimed in the '414 patent) that fully resolve the defects found in such computers.

7. Hewlett Packard (one of the world's leaders in personal computers) recently accepted a license from Adams, and then placed Adams' solution on the Internet for all its customers throughout the world. Thus, any Hewlett Packard customer can go to this Internet website, download the solution and fully repair such defects in his or her computer. Compaq (before it merged with Hewlett Packard) also accepted a license.

RELATED CIVIL ACTION

8. Plaintiff, along with Dr. Philip M. Adams, brought suit in this district (Civil Action No. 2:02-CV-00106ST) against Gateway, Inc. for infringement of the above-identified patents-in-suit. That action remains pending and involves common legal issues.

<u>DEFENDANTS</u>

9. Defendant Lenovo is a Chinese corporation (registered in Hong Kong) with a place of business in the United States at 3030 Cornwallis Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27709. Lenovo has other office locations in the United States and worldwide. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Lenovo because Lenovo transacts business in this judicial district and has committed tortious acts of patent infringement in this judicial district by using, selling or offering to sell products that infringe the patents-in-suit and/or by practicing methods covered by the patents-in-suit. Lenovo sells IBM personal computers and servers at CompUsa Inc. outlets and by means of the Internet in this judicial district.

- place of business at 7-35 Kitashinagawa 6-chome, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo 141-0001, Japan; defendant Sony Corporation of America is a New York Corporation with a principal place of business at 550 Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10022 (collectively "Sony"). The Court has personal jurisdiction over Sony because Sony transacts business in this judicial district and has committed tortious acts of patent infringement in this judicial district by using, selling or offering to sell products that infringe the patents-in-suit and/or by practicing methods covered by the patents-in-suit. Sony sells personal computers by means of the Internet in this judicial district.
- at One Dell Way, Round Rock, Texas 78682. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Dell because Dell transacts business in this judicial district and has committed tortious acts of patent infringement in this judicial district by using, selling or offering to sell products that infringe the patents-in-suit and/or by practicing methods covered by the patents-in-suit. Dell sells personal computers by means of the Internet in this judicial district.
- 12. Defendant MPC Computers, LLC is an Idaho limited liability company with a principal place of business at 906 East Karcher Road, Nampa, Idaho 83687. MPC has other office locations in the United States and worldwide. The Court has personal jurisdiction over MPC because MPC transacts business in this judicial district and has committed tortious acts of patent infringement in this judicial district by using, selling or offering to sell products that infringe the patents-in-suit and/or by practicing methods covered by the patents-in-suit. MPC sells personal computers by means of the Internet in this judicial district.

13. Defendant Fujitsu Siemens Computers GmbH is a Netherlands corporation with a principal place of business at Otto-Hahn-Ring 6 81739 Müchen Germany with a U.S. address of 1250 E. Arques Avenue, Sunnyvale, California., 95085-5401. Fujitsu Siemens has other office locations in the United States and worldwide. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Fujitsu Siemens because Fujitsu Siemens transacts business in this judicial district and has committed tortious acts of patent infringement in this judicial district by using, selling or offering to sell products that infringe the patents-in-suit and/or by practicing methods covered by the patents-in-suit. Fujitsu Siemens sells personal computers by means of the Internet in this judicial district.

DEFENDANT'S ACTS OF PATENT INFRINGEMENT

14. Defendants have infringed various claims of each of the patents-in-suit in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271 through, among other activities, the manufacture, use, importation, sale and/or offer for sale of computers, as described in more detail below. In addition to their direct infringement, defendants have also knowingly and intentionally induced others to infringe under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) (such as its customers and end-users in this judicial district and throughout the United States) by intentionally aiding, assisting and encouraging their infringement, and defendants have knowingly contributed to the infringement of others under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) (such as its customers and end-users in this judicial district and throughout the United States) by supplying their technical know-how and specially modified computers which are non-staple articles of commerce having no substantial non-infringing use. The infringement that has occurred is at least of claim 1 of the '414 patent, claims 1-6 and 8-15 of the '002 patent and claims 1-7, 9-16 and 18-20 of the '222 patent through commercialization of at least the following model computers:

- Lenovo Internation Model Nos. Netvista A20 (6270, 6279, 6266, 6286),
 Netvista A20i (2178, 2198, 6276, 6280-17R),
 Netvista A21 (6336, 6337, 6339, 6341, 6342, 6346, 6347, 6348),
 Netvista A60 (6848),
 IBM Server Series, and
 IBM 2169;
- Sony Corporation Model Nos. PCV-L6xx SlimTops, PCV-L8xx SlimTops, PCV-RS530G, PCV-J150, and PCV-RS510;
- Dell Inc. Model Nos. Inspiron 5150 (Compal), Compal, and Quanta;
- MPC Computers, LLC Model Nos. ClientPro Series and Millennia Series (MBD001154-00, MBD001136-02, MBD001136-01, MBD001136-00, MBD001131-01, MBD001131-00, MBD001130-01, MBD001130-00, MBD001125-05, MBD001125-04, MBD001125-03, MBD001125-02, MBD001125-01, MBD001125-00, MBD001123-00, MBD001119-00, MBD001111-02, MBD001111-01, MBD001111-00, MBD001110-00, MBD001106-00, MBD001103-00); and
- Fujitsu Siemens Computers GmbH Model Nos. ErgoPro eD, Scenic, Thin Client, Motherboards, AMILO M75400 EB2I, and AMILO M75400 EB2I;
- 15. Defendants' infringement has injured Adams, and Adams is entitled to recover damages adequate to compensate it for such infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty.

NOTICE AND WILLFULNESS

- 16. Defendants have had actual and/or constructive notice of their infringement of the patents-in-suit, including actual pre-complaint notice.
- 17. Defendants' infringement has been willful and deliberate as to the patents-insuit and has occurred with knowledge of those patents in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 284 ¶ 2. Defendants' infringement has injured and will continue to injure Adams, unless and until this Court enters an injunction prohibiting further infringement and, specifically, enjoining further manufacture, use, importation, offers for sale and/or sale of Defendants' products and/or services that fall within the scope of the patents-in-suit.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Adams respectfully requests this Court enter judgment against defendants and against their subsidiaries, affiliates, agents, servants, employees and all persons in active concert or participation with them, granting the following relief:

- A. An award of damages adequate to compensate Adams for the patent infringement that has occurred, together with prejudgment interest from the date infringement of each respective patent-in-suit began, and costs;
 - B. An award to Adams of all remedies available under 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- C. A finding that this case is exceptional and an award to Adams of all remedies available under 35 U.S.C. § 285;
- D. A permanent injunction prohibiting further infringement, inducement and contributory infringement of the patents-in-suit; and,
- E. Such other and further relief as this Court or a jury may deem proper and/or just.

JURY DEMAND

Adams demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

NIRO, SCAVONE, HALLER & NIRO HOWARD, PHILLIPS & ANDERSEN

By: Gregor**y**∕D. Phillips

ATTORNEYS FOR THE PLAINTIFF

%JS 44 (Rev. 11/04)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

	TRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE P		DEFENDANTS			
PLAINTIFFS PHILLIP M. ADAMS & ASSOCIATES, L.L.C., a Utah Limited Liability Company (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Davis County (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) (c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)			the state of the s			
			County of Residence of First Listed Defendant 5 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1			
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2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		Citizen of Another State 2 2 1 Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State			
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IV. NATURE OF SUIT	(Place an "X" in One Box Only) TORTS	FO	RFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment Æ Enforcement of Judgment ☐ 151 Medicare Act ☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits ☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract ☐ 195 Contract Product Liability ☐ 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY ☐ 210 Land Condemnation ☐ 220 Foreclosure ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment ☐ 240 Torts to Land ☐ 245 Tort Product Liability ☐ 290 All Other Real Property	310 Airplane	sonal Injury - Malpractice onal Injury - Date of Malpractice onal	610 Agriculture 620 Other Food & Drug 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 630 Liquor Laws 640 R.R. & Truck 650 Airline Regs. 660 Occupational Safety/Health 690 Other LABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Mgmt, Relations 730 Labor/Mgmt, Reporting & Disclosure Act 740 Railway Labor Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Empl, Ret. Inc. Security Act	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ \$20 Copyrights ② 830 Patent □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Tule XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	d00 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 430 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 810 Selective Service 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange 12 USC 3410 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 892 Economic Stabilization Act 893 Environmental Matters 894 Energy Allocation Act 895 Freedom of Information Act 900Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	
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VI. CAUSE OF ACTI		Patent Infrin	<u></u>		35 USC § 271	
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS IS A CLAS UNDER F.R.C.P. 23	OU TECTOT.	DEMANDS ,000.00 per defec	•	if demanded in complaint: Yes No	
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